

Colossians 2. 4 – 23 - Would Christ be sufficient?

1. What is the first order Paul gives to the Colossian Christians and what does this mean in a practical way? (Colossians 2.6 / I John 2: 6)
2. What kind of figures can the Christian be compared with? What does each one of these mean? (Colossians 2: 5-7)
3. Paul warns the Colossians not to be deceived by "...the tradition of men ..." (Col 2: 8). What were the teachings brought by the false teachers in that city?
4. Why was it important to say that in Christ "... dwells the fullness of Deity in bodily form..." (Colossians 2: 9)? What is the meaning of those underlined words?
5. According to Paul, Christians do not need the circumcision of the flesh, but the circumcision of Christ (Col. 2:11). What is the circumcision of Christ?
6. What does Paul refer to when he talks about "... the certificate of debt that was against us ..." and how did Christ cancel it? (Colossians 2:14)
- 7 - What does the passage of Colossians 2:16, 17 mean? How do these practices from the Old Testament point to Christ?
- 8 - For what reasons did the false Gnostic teachers encourage the Colossians to worship angels (Colossians 2:18)? In this chapter, what is the position Paul reveals between Christ and other spiritual beings?
- 9- Paul says that "...the whole body, which is supplied (or nourished) and organized (or united) connected to Christ as head, grows the growth that proceeds from God" (Colossians 2:19). What is your commitment in this process?